

Generation and Application of Structured Neutrons

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Neutrons

Neutrons are invaluable tools for non-destructive **material analysis** and the experimental verification of **fundamental physics** through their unique properties:

- Neutral charge
- Magnetic sensitivity
- Nanometer wavelengths
- High material penetrability
- Isotope sensitivity

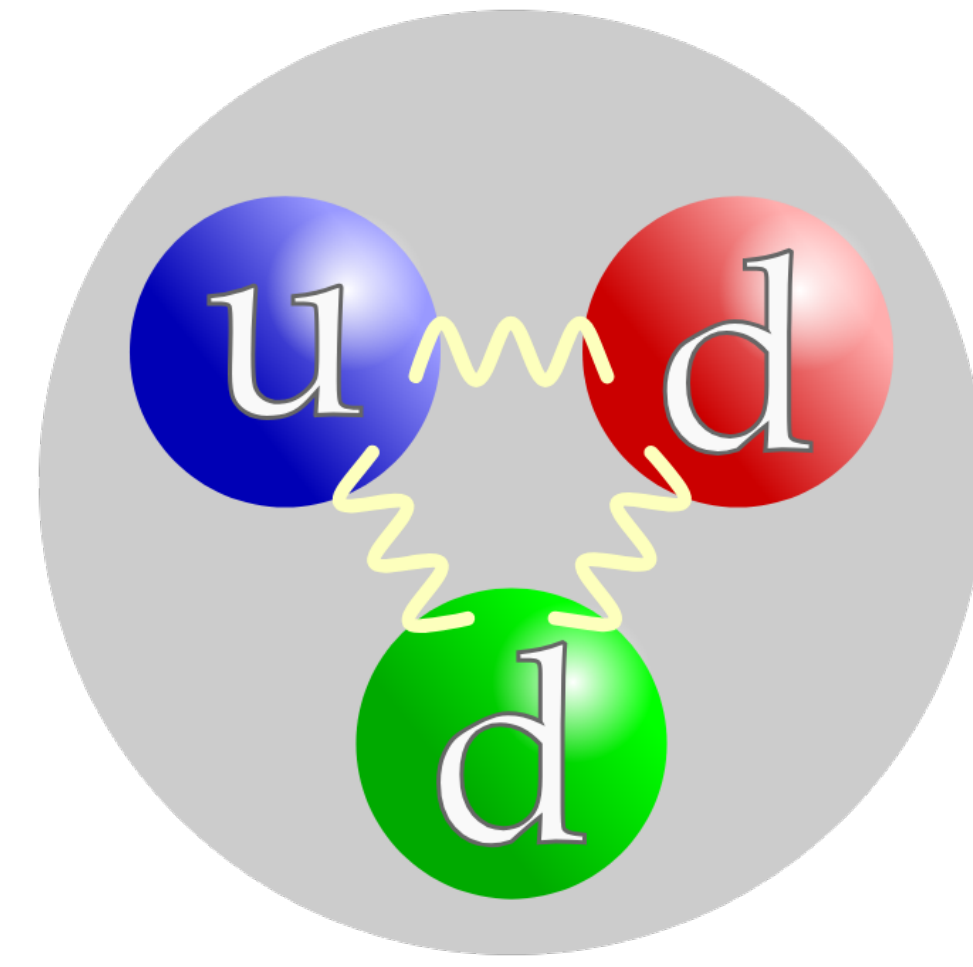
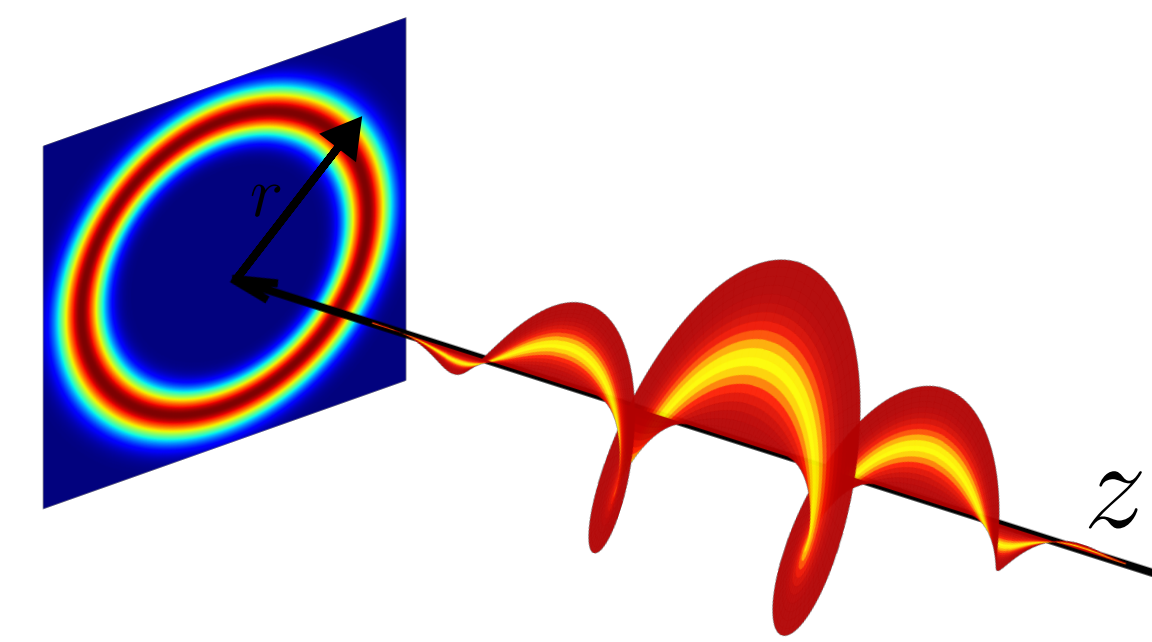


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Structured Waves in Physics



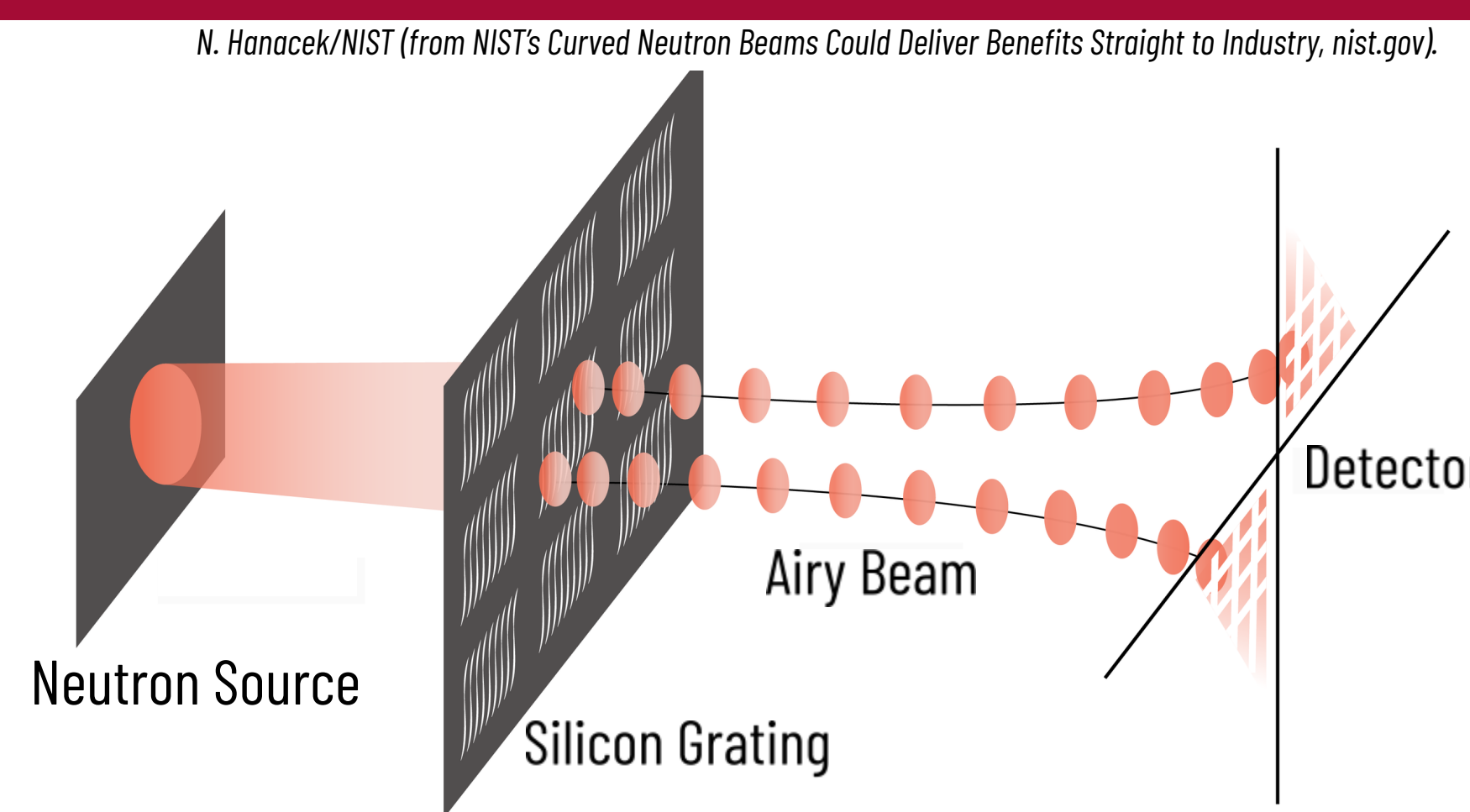
$$\psi = J_\ell(k_r, r) e^{i\ell\phi} e^{ik_z z}$$

Structured waves are complex waves that cannot be approximated by a single plane wave. They possess **several unique properties** and are crucial for:

- Communication and imaging
- Quantum optics
- Optical and electron microscopy

Holographic Generation of Structured Neutrons

An array of **silicon phase gratings** was fabricated using electron-beam lithography. These gratings **diffract** incident neutrons, imprinting the grating profile onto the wavefunction to **spatially structure** the beam [1,2].



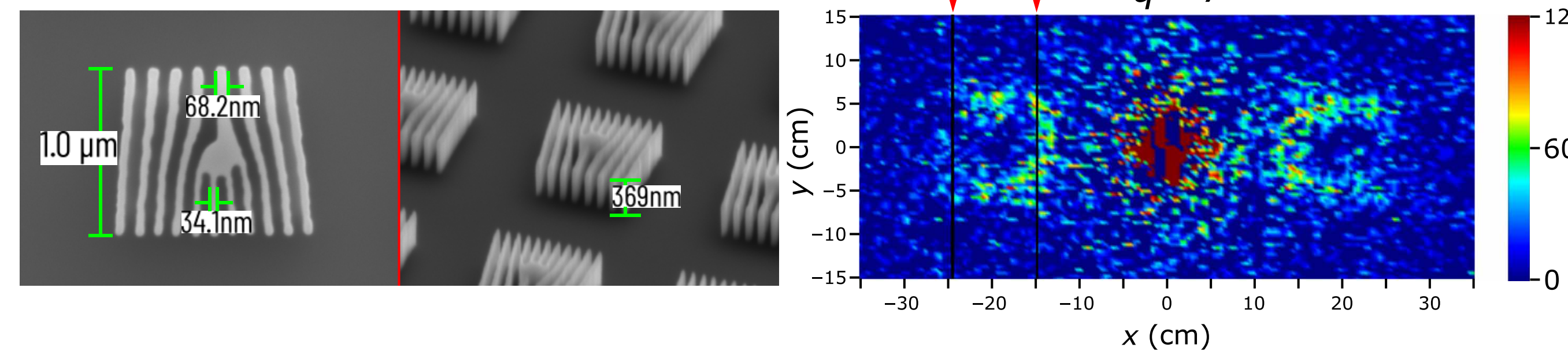
$$\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{sgn} \left(\sin \left[\frac{2\pi}{p} x + c_x x^3 - c_y y^3 \right] \right) + \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \text{Airy Grating Profile}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{sgn} \left(\sin \left[\frac{2\pi}{p} x + q \tan^{-1}(y/x) \right] \right) + \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \text{Fork Grating Profile}$$

Neutrons with Orbital Angular Momentum (OAM)

Phase gratings with **q-fold fork dislocations** are a standard tool in optics that produce photons with an **OAM value of $\ell = m\hbar q$** at the m^{th} diffraction order.

- 6,250,000 **1×1 μm gratings**.
- period of 120 nm, height of 500 nm.
- The **angle of divergence** of the 1st diffraction order is $\theta \approx \lambda/p \approx 0.01$ rad this corresponds to a **spatial distance** of $x \approx 19$ cm on the camera [1].



Neutron Airy Beams

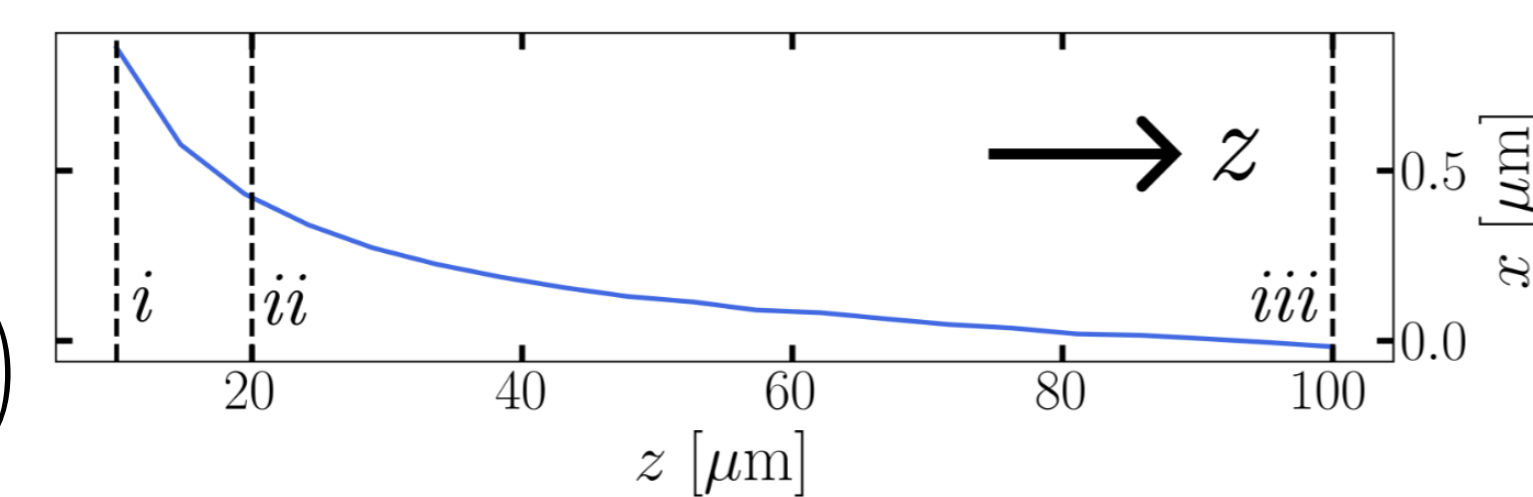
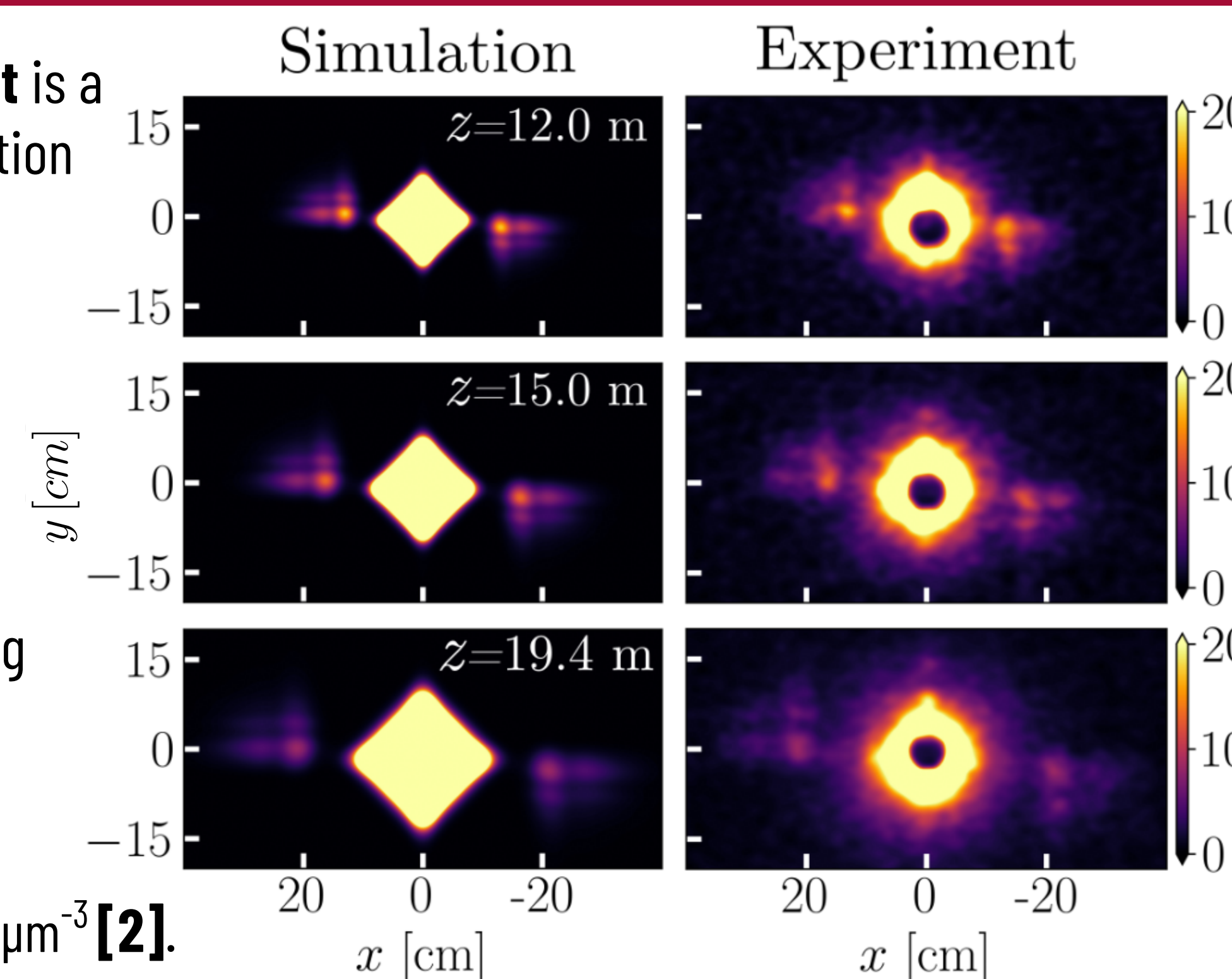
The **Airy wave packet** is a **diffraction-free** solution to the potential-free Schrödinger equation that manifests a form of **self-acceleration** and **self-healing**.

Each individual grating possessed:

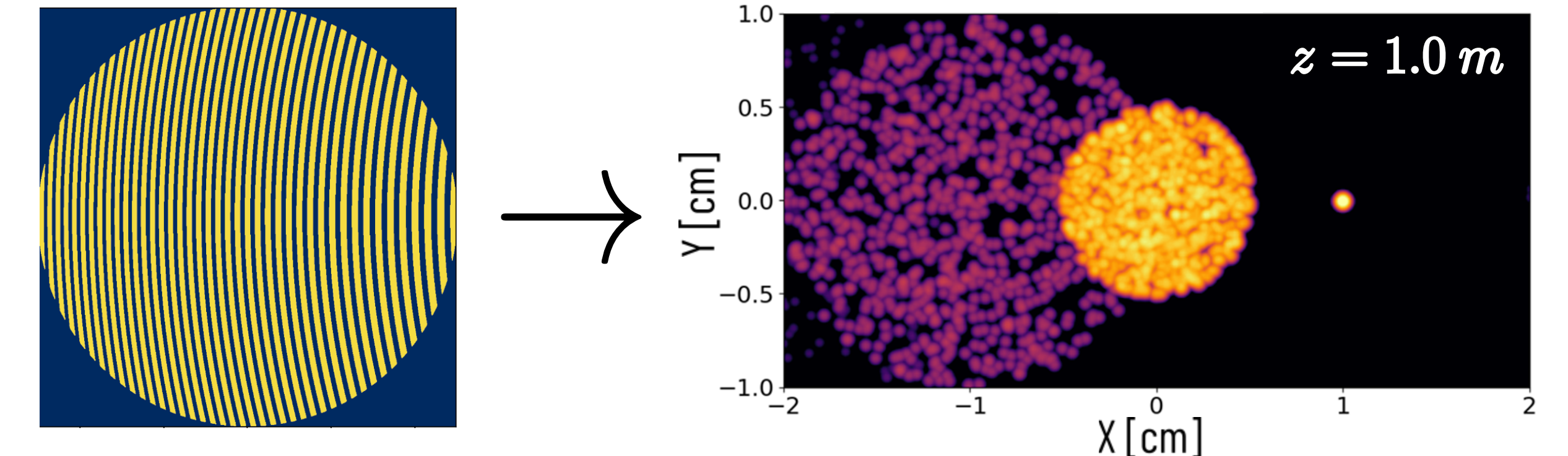
- period of 120 nm
- height of 300 nm
- $c_x = 55 \mu\text{m}^{-3}$, $c_y = 45 \mu\text{m}^{-3}$ [2].

$$\text{Ai}(s) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\infty \cos \left(\frac{1}{3} t^3 + st \right) dt$$

$$\psi_i(x_a, y_a, 0) = \mathcal{N} e^{-\frac{x_a^2 + y_a^2}{2\sigma^2}} \text{Ai} \left(\frac{x_a}{x_0} \right) \text{Ai} \left(\frac{y_a}{y_0} \right)$$



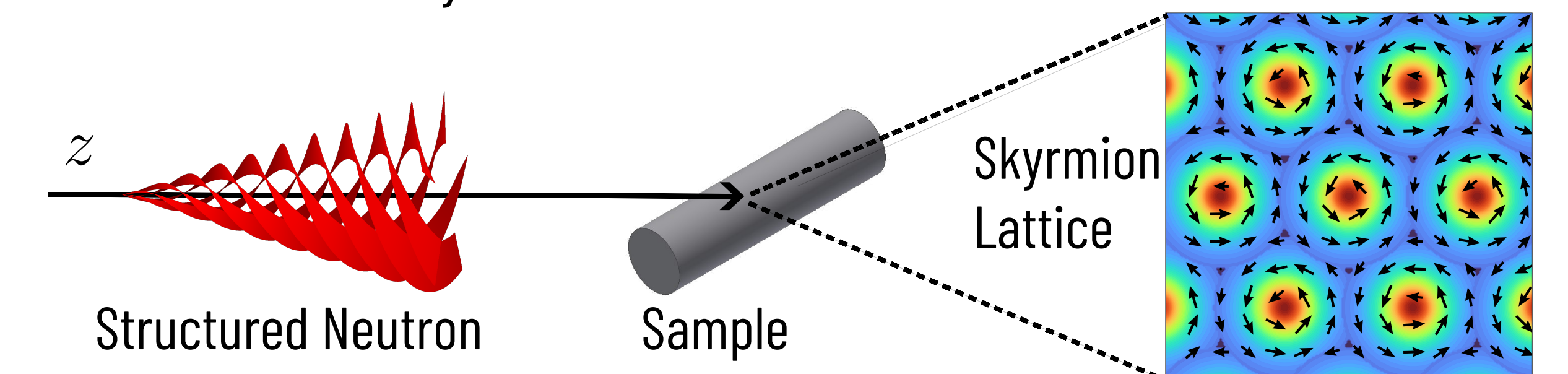
Focused Neutron Beams



- **Conventional lenses** are **impractical** because the refractive index of materials for neutrons is very close to unity ($n \approx 1$).
- **Off-Axis Zone Plates** can serve as diffractive **neutron lenses** that separate the focal spot from the intense direct beam. This could significantly **enhance** the signal-to-noise ratio in **neutron imaging** and **scattering experiments** [3].

Applications of Structured Neutrons

- **Neutron OAM:** Chiral skyrmion lattices, Quantum Information Processing (QIP), and OAM spectroscopy [1].
- **Neutron Airy Beams:** Airy-vortex beam generation, potential-free accelerating wave packets, and quantum gravitational states (Dark Sector searches) [2].
- **Focused Neutrons:** Airy beam enhancement, high-flux neutron imaging, and Gamma Activation Analysis.



Conclusions

- **Neutrons** play a vital role in **material analysis** and the experimental testing of **fundamental interactions**.
- **Neutrons carrying OAM** have an additional quantum degree of freedom.
- **Neutron Airy beams** can exhibit a form of self-acceleration and self-healing.
- **Zone Plates** can act as practical alternatives to conventional lenses.

Acknowledgements

References

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- [2] Sarenac, D., Lailey, O., Henderson, M. E., Ekinci, H., Clark, C. W., Cory, D. G., DeBeer-Schmitt, L., Huber, M. G., White, J. S., Zhernenkov, K., & Pushin, D. A. (2025). Generation of neutron Airy beams. *Physical Review Letters*, 134(15), 153401.
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